The Pyongyang Times

No. 31 (345) SATURDAY, JULY 3, 1971 PYONGYANG, DEMOCRATIC PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KOREA

Centre of the rostrum

Left side of the rostrum

Right side of the rostrum

The rostrum of the Pyongyang city mass rally of youth and students celebrating the Sixth Congress of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea held in the presence of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung

Grand Pyongyang City Mass Rally of Youth and Students Held in Celebration of Sixth Congress of LSWYK in Presence of Comrade KIM IL SUNG, the Respected and Beloved Leader

In the presence of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people, outstanding Marxist-Leninist and genius of revolution, who always leads our people and youth unswervingly [illegible] Kim Il Sung Square in celebration of the Sixth Congress of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea.

Youth and students in the city who had the honour of celebrating the Sixth Congress of the LSWYK in the presence of the fatherly Leader whom they always adore from the bottom of their hearts were filled with unbounded emotion and joy.

The square was packed to overflowing with young workers, peasants, armymen and students and youth of all walks of life.

Respectfully placed in the centre of the meeting place was a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people, outstanding Marxist-Leninist and genius of revolution, who always leads our people and youth unswervingly [illegible] glory.

Floating high above the square were big balloons bearing the slogans "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung!" "Long live the Workers' Party of Korea!" "Long live the *Juche* idea of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" "Let us thoroughly carry out the decisions of the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea!" "Warm greetings to the Sixth Congress of the LSWYK!" and "Let us revolutionize and working-classize the whole society!"

Hanging spread on the walls of the buildings on the right and left sides of the square were the national flag of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the glorious fatherland, and the banner of the Workers' Party of Korea, the organizer and guide of all victories of our people.

Before the opening of the rally the "Song of General Kim Il Sung" and revolutionary songs echoed far and wide and loud shouts of "Long live the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live the Workers' Party of Korea!" broke out at the square shaking heaven and earth again and again.

At 9 a.m. **Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, founder and Leader of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea and benevolent father of youth, appeared on the platform** amid the resounding welcome music.

The thunderous cheers "Long live the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" rent the air, brilliant sunrays covering the whole [illegible] were rolled on wave after wave and thousands of, tens of thousands of balloons soared high above the square, colourfully decorating the sky.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, smiling all over his face, acknowledged the enthusiastic cheers of the crowds, waving his hand.

Raising the shouts of *manse* (hurrah) ceaselessly, youth and students warmly welcomed Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, who has been steadfastly leading our people and youth solely along one road of victory and glory, taking upon himself the destiny of the fatherland and the nation and personally pulling through all storms for nearly half a century since he took the road of revolution in his early age, and extended the highest glory to him.

Amid the prolonged cheers of *manse*, young labour innovators rushed forward and presented fragrant flowers to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader.

The platform was also taken by Comrades Choi Yong Kun, Kim Il, Pak Sung Chul, Choe Hyon, O Jin U, So Chol, Kim Jung Rin, Hyon Mu Gwang and Yang Hyong Sop, and other responsible personages of the Party and government organs and working people's organizations.

Invited to the platform were Comrade Kim Ik Hwan, head of the delegation of the south Korean revolutionary youth organization, and Comrade Kim Dong Pyo, head of the congratulatory group of Korean youth and students in Japan.

Also invited to the platform were Angelo Oliva, President of the World Federation of Democratic Youth and head of its delegation, and heads of delegations and representatives of youth organizations of various countries of the world that came to our country to congratulate the Sixth Congress of the LSWYK.

Seen on the reviewing stands on either side of the platform were Party functionaries, responsible personnel of the ministries and central organs as well as delegates of provinces (or cities under central authority) to the Sixth Congress of the LSWYK.

Invited there were diplomatic envoys of foreign countries in Pyongyang and foreign guests who came to our country to congratulate the Sixth Congress of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea.

The mass rally opend with the playing of the Patriotic Song.

Kim Si Hak, Chairman of the Central Committee of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea, made a speech at the mass rally.

In his speech, Chairman Kim Si Hak first extended, in the name of the Central Committee of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea, warm congratulations to the LSWYK members and the entire youth and students of our country and the youth and students in the capital who are vigorously marching forward toward a new victory and performing brilliant feats wholeheartedly upholding the magnificent programme charted out by the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung at the historic Fifth

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The respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung poses for a photograph together with the congratulatory group of Korean youth and students in Japan after receiving it

Comrade KIM IL SUNG, the Respected and Beloved Leader, Receives Head of Delegation of South Korean Revolutionary Youth Organization

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, received on June 29 Comrade Kim Ik Hwan, head of the delegation of the south Korean revolutionary youth organization, who had attended the Sixth Congress of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea.

Present on the occasion was Comrade Kim Jung Rin, Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Secretary of the Central Committee of the Party.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people, warmly shook hands with the head of the delegation of the south Korean revolutionary youth organization and had a cordial talk with him.

Comrade KIM IL SUNG, the Respected and Beloved Leader, Receives Congratulatory Group of Korean Youth and Students in Japan

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, received on June 29 the congratulatory group of Korean youth and students in Japan which came to the homeland for congratulating the Sixth Congress of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea.

Present on the occasion were the members of the congratulatory group headed by Comrade Kim Dong Pyo.

Comrade Kim Jung Rin, Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Secretary of the Central Committee of the Party, and Kim Si Hak, Chairman of the Central Committee of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea, were also present there.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people and benevolent father of the compatriots and youth and students in Japan, warmly shook hands with the members of the congratulatory group and had a cordial conversation, and then posed for a photograph together with them.

Banquet Is Given in Honour of Foreign Guests Who Attended Sixth Congress of LSWYK, in Presence of Comrade KIM IL SUNG, the Respected and Beloved Leader

The Central Committee of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea gave on the evening of June 29 a grand banquet at the Mansudae Assembly Hall in honour of the foreign guests who had attended the Sixth Congress of the LSWYK.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people and the founder and Leader of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea, attended the banquet.

Invited to the banquet were the delegation of the World Federation of Democratic Youth headed by its President Angelo Oliva, and the delegation of the International Union of Students, youth union delegations from fraternal socialist countries, delegations and representatives of youth unions and students' unions from newborn independent countries of Asia, Africa and Latin America, delegations and representatives of struggle organisations from many countries of the world, delegations and representatives of progressive youth unions and students' unions from capitalist countries, delegations and representatives of groups for study of the revolutionary history of Comrade Kim Il Sung and groups for study of the works of Comrade Kim Il Sung from various countries of the world, and prominent public and political figures and democratic personages from various parts of the world that came to our country to congratulate the Sixth Congress of the LSWYK.

Present at the banquet were Comrades Choi Yong Kun, Pak Sung Chul, O Jin U, So Chol, Kim Jung Rin and Yang Hyong Sop; and Department Directors of the Central Committee of the Party, Ministers of the Cabinet and responsible functionaries of working people's organisations.

Also invited to the banquet were the members of the delegation of the south Korean revolutionary youth organisation headed by Comrade Kim Ik Hwan and the members of the congratulatory group of Korean youth and students in Japan headed by Comrade Kim Dong Pyo.

When Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution and benevolent father of the youth, appeared in the banquet hall amid the loud welcome music, the entire attendants rose from their seats and warmly welcomed him with thunderous applause rocking the hall.

The banquet began with the playing of the Patriotic Song.

Kim Si Hak, Chairman of the Central Committee of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea, addressed the banquet.

Representing the feelings of ardent loyalty of the entire LSWYK members and youth of our country, he extended, first of all, the highest honour and deepest gratitude to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution and the benevolent father of the youth, who personally initiated the Sixth Congress of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea and showed every paternal solicitude for the work of the Congress and personally lit up the road ahead of the Korean youth with greater brilliance at the Congress and, furthermore, honoured the banquet

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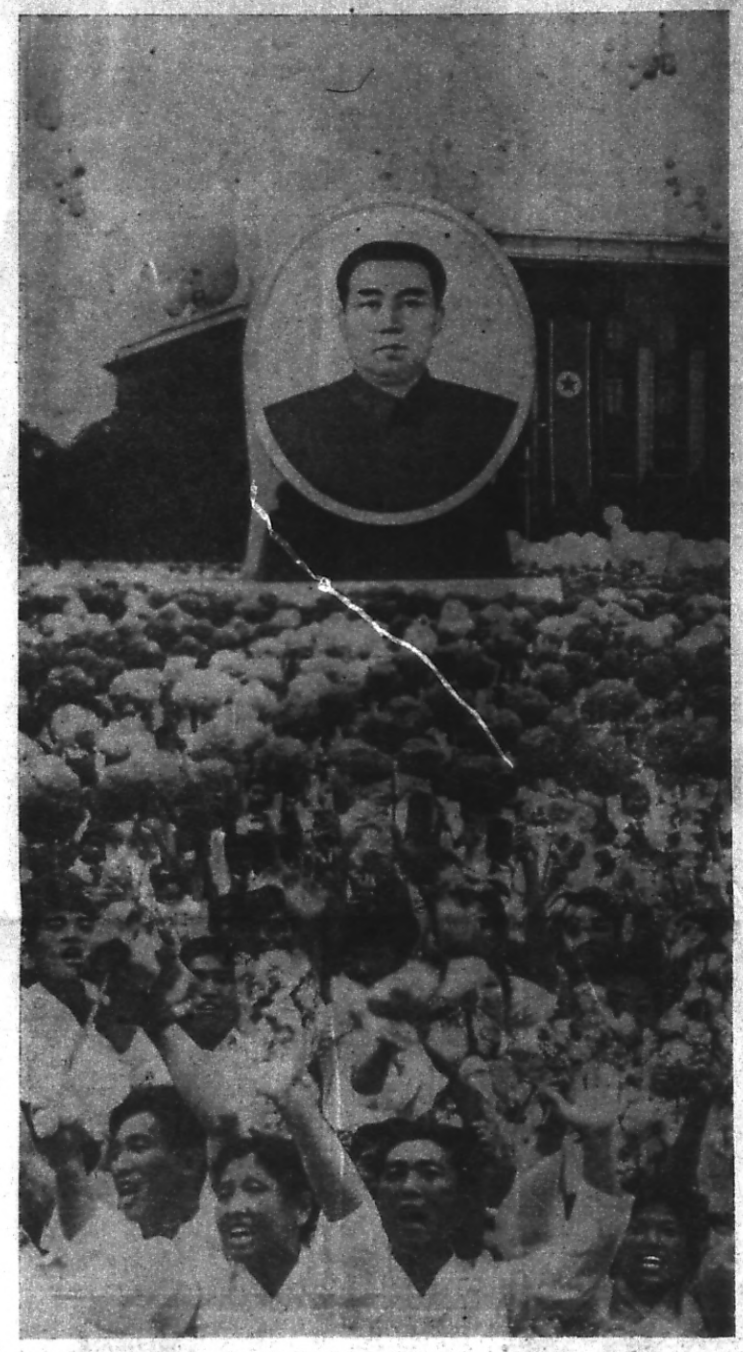
LSWYK Members and Youth Are Fully Preparing Themselves for Revolution, Equipping Themselves Firmly with

Demonstration of Indestructible Might of Korean Youth Who March Ahead Holding Aloft Revolutionary Banner of Juche

Mammoth Parade of 200,000 Youth and Students in Pyongyang Held in Celebration of the Sixth LSWYK Congress



Demonstrators heartily cheer Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people and benign father of the youth, who has steadfastly led our people and youth along one road of victory and glory weathering out all storms and tempests with the destinies of the fatherland and the nation on his shoulders for nearly half a century since he started out on the path of the revolution at his early age

A mammoth parade of 200,000 youth and students in Pyongyang celebrating the Sixth Congress of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea was held on Kim Il Sung Square on June 29 in the presence of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people on the rostrum.

The square rings with a flourish of trumpets and the air is shattered by a gun salute.

The grand parade has started in the circumstances where the whole land is bubbling over with intense loyalty of the Korean youth to Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people, who has brought shining success to the Sixth Congress of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea which marks a new milestone in the development of the youth movement in our country.

A column of young people carrying red flags marches up to the front of the rostrum with measured tread to a grand chorus of the "Song of General Kim Il Sung" with a float carrying the statue of the brilliant Leader of revolution Marshal Kim Il Sung pointing to the path to victory for our Party and people, the bright highway to communism.

Stormy cheers resound through the square and thousands of balloons are released into the sky.

Demonstrators' hearts are aflame with intense loyalty to the Leader: they shout at the top of their voice "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung!" "Long live the Workers' Party of Korea!" towards the rostrum, waving pennants and bouquets.

The fatherly Leader, with a broad smile on his face, answers the enthusiastic cheers of the crowds by raising his hand.

The demonstrators stream into the square, dancing with torchlight. There are in the mid-air the letters "*Juche*," "Independence" "self-sustenance" and "self-defence" and a big torchlight that bears letters "T.D." (Korean abbreviation of the Down-With-Imperialism Union) on its either side and from which hangs the red ribbon carrying letters shining like stars "Anti-Imperialist Youth League" and "Young Communist League of Korea." Deeply moved at these inspiring big letters and torchlight, people think of the nearly-half-a-century-long glorious revolutionary history of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of revolution, who founded the great *Juche* idea and has led the Korean revolution along one road of victory, and of the fact that he set forth the creative idea and line on the youth and children's movement already in the early days of the struggle for the liberation of the fatherland, regarding the youth movement as an integral part of the communist movement.

The square is again ablaze with red flags carried by young men and women in guerilla uniform.

A float carrying a model of the "monument to the victory in the Pochonbo battle" symbolizing the shining revolutionary traditions of our Party slowly moves past the rostrum.

The crowds march past the rostrum with high pride in the brilliant revolutionary traditions of our Party, which sprouted in the great revolutionary family of the Leader and grew strong roots in the period of the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle, extending highest glory and deepest thanks to the respected and beloved Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung, the founder of the great revolutionary traditions which will be carried on from generation to generation, nay, for ages eternal as heaven and earth.

An immortal canvas portraying Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, delivering a historic speech on his triumphal return home amid enthusiastic cheers of the crowds, after achieving the restoration of the fatherland, slowly moves past and demonstrators wave across the square with flags of the Party and flags of the LSWYK, led by a portrait of the Leader.

They show that in response to the appeal of the respected and beloved Leader who founded the Democratic Youth League, the militant reserve of the Party, right after liberation and called upon the Youth Leaguers to take the lead in the building of a new democratic Korea, the Youth Leaguers played a vanguard role in carrying out the agrarian reform for destroying the feudal barrier and in the nationalization of industries for breaking the fetters of capital and in all other democratic reforms and in the work of cultural enlightenment.

The square resounds with the firm tread of young men and women in the uniforms of the ground, naval and air forces of the Korean People's Army. Among them a big float goes showing the immortal feats of our young men who mercilessly mowed down the U.S. imperialist aggressors on Height 1,211 and other heights of the fatherland, in the air and sea, and in the rear in the grim days of the Fatherland Liberation War.

They perform bayonet exercise depicting our youth who defended every inch of the fatherland with blood in warm response to the call of Comrade Supreme Commander, displaying unexampled mass heroism in the life-and-death battles against the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the sworn enemy.

They are followed by columns of young men. These columns show that our youth always led the van in implementing the revolutionary line of economic construction of the Party in the spirit in which they wiped out the U.S. imperialists, the enemy.

Three flying Chollima enter the square, kicking the air.

Fluttering forcefully in the wind are the flags bearing portraits of the Leader held high by the young men and women riding the Chollima.

The demonstrators extend the warmest thanks and highest honour to Marshal Kim Il Sung, the fatherly Leader, who has reared our youth as the vanguard and shock brigade of socialist construction and brightly illumines the road to be followed by the youth organization at each period and each stage of the revolution.

The square rings again with a clarion call of bugles.

Lovely flower-buds carrying a flag bearing a portrait of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the benevolent father, march into the square carrying various exhibits, with a float showing the worthy life of our children healthily growing up most happily in the world as the reserve of socialist and communist construction, well prepared intellectually, morally and physically, in the boundlessly broad and warm bosom of the Leader. Young Pioneers stop in front of the rostrum and, overwhelmed with infinite emotion, shout *manse* (hurrah) at the top of their voices, standing on tiptoe and stamping their feet to see the fatherly Marshal better.

The Marshal, smiling all over his face, waves his hand to congratulate the heir to the revolution who will carry on our revolution.

Little girls rush up to the rostrum and present the Marshal with fragrant flowers carrying the warm feeling of allegiance of all Young Pioneers of Korea who will continue the great revolutionary ideas of the fatherly Marshal.

Seen above the columns of youth and student paraders are big red posters bearing slogans: "Let us thoroughly arm ourselves with the unitary ideology of our Party!" and "Let us revolutionize and working-classize the whole society!" which show their will and faith.

The paraders march past the rostrum, confirming their determination to arm themselves thoroughly with the great revolutionary idea, the *Juche* idea, of the respected and beloved Leader and to devote even their youth and lives to the struggle for carrying through his orders and instructions, and demonstrating their revolutionary mettle to make the League of Socialist Working Youth, a militant organization of our youth, remain the Youth League of Comrade Kim Il Sung forever.

"Youth, take the lead in thoroughly implementing the decisions of the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea!"

Big panels of diagrams and pictures showing the bright prospects of the Six-Year Plan stream into the square which is full of the determination of our youth to lead the van in carrying out the three major tasks of the technical revolution, according to the magnificent programme charted by the Leader.

The grand march past of the militant ranks working miracles daily and hourly in the charge for fulfilling the assignments for the first two years of the Six-Year Plan before April 15 next year is greeted with a thunder of hearty applause.

Following a column carrying the big letters reading: "Long live the Korean revolution!" there comes slowly into the square a huge model of the Korean map bearing a respectfully placed portrait of the respected and beloved Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great sun of the nation, and throwing the brilliant rays of his revolutionary ideas on the whole land of 3,000 *ri*. The whole square rings with prolonged cheers of *manse*.

Carrying posters bearing the militant slogans: "Let us defend with our lives the Central Committee of the Party headed by Comrade Kim Il Sung!" "Ildangbaek" (one beats a hundred enemies) and "Let us drive out U.S. imperialism and reunify the country!" students of the revolution schools, the Red Young Guardsmen and Worker-Peasant Red Guardsmen who have a rifle in one hand and a hammer and sickle in the other, built up indestructible giant strength smartly march past the rostrum with glistening bayonets, full of firm determination to annihilate the enemy and demonstrating the unbreakable might of our self-defence system whose backbone is the one-beats-a-hundred People's Army that has been trained into a cadre army and has been modernized and under which all people are armed and the whole country has been fortified, and the mechanized units of the Worker-Peasant Red Guards follow them in fine array, shaking the earth.

Then rolls into the square a float showing the ugly feature of the U.S. imperialist armed spy ship "Pueblo" and their spy plane "EC-121," together with the rousing letters: "Retaliation for 'retaliation,' all-out war for all-out war!"

The square resounds with the loud song: "Death to the enemy!" The placards bearing the militant slogans "Down with U.S. imperialism!" "Check and frustrate decisively the Japanese militarists' rearmament and overseas aggression!" and "Overthrow the corrupt traitorous Pak Jung Hi puppet regime!" inflame fierce indignation with the sworn enemy among the people.

There stream into the square like a raging wave columns of paraders showing the struggle of armed youth and students of south Korea going to fight the life-and-death battle against the enemy, carrying in their van the placard reading "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people!"

The demonstrators show with various defence sports movements that they have fully prepared themselves politically, ideologically and in military technique to meet actively the great revolutionary event of national reunification.

The demonstrators and crowds renew their determination to become the honourable death-defying corps in the struggle for forcing the U.S. imperialist aggressors out of south Korea and resolutely smashing the reaggression of

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Banquet Is Given in Honour of Foreign Guests Who Attended Sixth Congress of LSWYK

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with his presence.

He also extended, in the name of the Central Committee of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea and the entire Korean youth and students, warm thanks to the foreign youth representatives and friends who warmly supported and encouraged in every way the just cause of our youth and people by attending the Sixth Congress of the LSWYK.

Pointing out that the Sixth Congress of the LSWYK was a historic congress which would eternally shine in the history of the Korean youth movement as a congress of the brilliant victory of the great *Juche* idea in the Korean youth movement and as a congress of loyalty filled with the firm and immovable determination to carry forward forever the revolutionary cause of the Leader, the speaker stressed: The entire youth and students of our country are renewing their unshakable determination to unconditionally carry through to the end the teachings given by the Leader at the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Sixth Congress of the LSWYK, upholding them.

He declared that the youth and students of our country will stubbornly fight on as ever for the reunification of our fatherland and the final victory of the Korean revolution, for building a new world where there is neither imperialism nor exploitation and oppression, in unity with the youth and students of the socialist countries, in unity with the fighting Asian, African and Latin-American youth and students and in unity with all the progressive youth and students of the world, holding high the banner of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism, the revolutionary banner of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle.

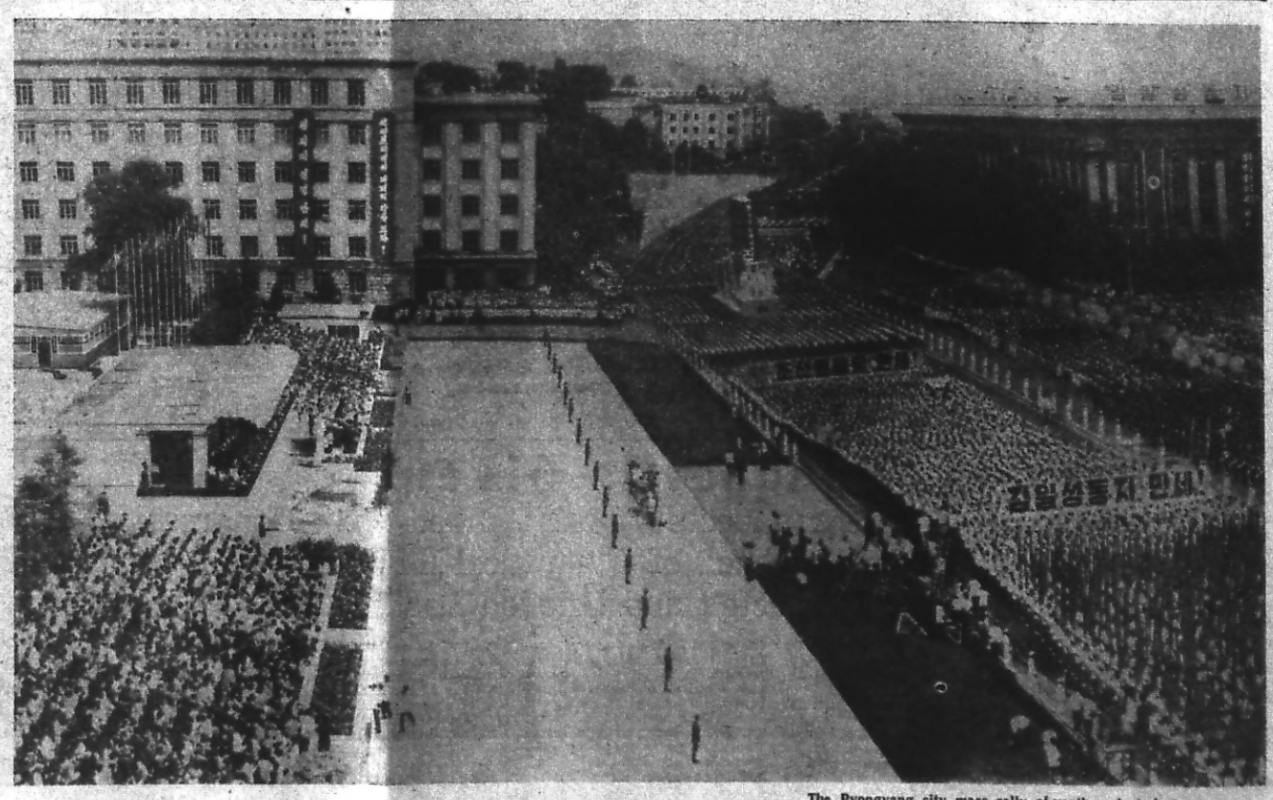
The entire attendants of the banquet drank to the good health and a long life of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people, and to the militant friendship and solidarity among the progressive youth and students of the world in the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, drank with all the foreign guests to the friendship and solidarity among the youth and students of the whole world in the struggle against imperialism and for peace and democracy, national independence and socialism.

The banquet proceeded in an atmosphere pervaded with the unshakable determination of our youth to bring earlier the reunification of the fatherland and the victory of the cause of socialism and communism and promote the victory of the world revolution by carrying to thorough fulfilment the militant programme advanced by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, at the Fifth Congress of the Party and the programmatic teachings given by him at the Sixth Congress of the LSWYK, and in an atmosphere overflowing with militant solidarity and friendship between the youth and students of our country and the progressive youth and students of the whole world in the struggle for the victory of the common cause of anti-imperialism.

An art performance was given at the banquet.

Foreign friends loudly sang at the banquet the "Song of General Kim Il Sung" and the Internationale.



The Pyongyang city mass rally of youth and students

as Guards and Death-defying Corps to Carry On and Forward the Great Revolutionary Ideas of the Leader

Grand Pyongyang City Mass Rally of Youth and Students Held

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Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea.

He also gave fervent support and encouragement to the young revolutionaries and youth and students of south Korea who are waging a courageous struggle for freedom and liberation and the reunification of the fatherland in defiance of the fascist suppression by the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys.

And he offered warm, militant greetings to the Korean youth and students in Japan who are unyieldingly fighting for democratic, national rights and the independent reunification of the country in the alien land.

In the name of the entire LSWYK members and youth and students of our country, Chairman Kim Si Hak extended warm welcome and fervent fraternal greetings to the distinguished foreign comrades and friends who came from socialist countries and various other countries of the world including Asia, Africa and Latin America.

The speaker said:

The Sixth Congress of the LSWYK will shine radiantly in the history of the youth movement of our country as a congress of proud victory gained through the all-round embodiment in the Korean youth movement of the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the outstanding Leader of the revolution, and through the realization of the monolithic unity and cohesion of the Youth League based on the ideological system of *Juche* and as a congress of allegiance which clearly showed the firm faith and determination of the Korean youth to carry forward the great revolutionary ideas of the Leader through generations for ever.

The Congress fully demonstrated the invincible might of the LSWYK which is a militant reserve of the Workers' Party of Korea, the Party of Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Reviewing the militant path replete with struggles and feats covered by the LSWYK, the speaker stressed:

All the victories and achievements attained by the LSWYK are the brilliant fruition of the original idea of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the outstanding Leader of the revolution, on the youth movement and of his wise leadership.

At this significant rally celebrating the Sixth Congress of the LSWYK, I, expressing the unanimous feeling of allegiance of the entire LSWYK members and youth and students of our country, extend the highest honour and warmest gratitude to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people, who established the brilliant revolutionary tradition of the Korean youth movement, founded the League of Socialist Working Youth and leads us young people always to victory and glory, happiness and prosperity.

Emphasizing that the teachings given by the Leader at the LSWYK Congress are the great programme of the youth movement which has developed the idea and theory on work with the youth and children onto a higher plane, and a guiding principle which must be strictly observed in the activities of the Youth League and young people, the speaker declared:

We must bring about a new turn in the work of the LSWYK by carrying into effect the programmatic teachings given by the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung at the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Sixth Congress of the LSWYK.

After quoting the teaching of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung given at the Sixth Congress of the LSWYK: **"Precisely you, the youth of our age, are entrusted with the glorious task of taking over and carrying forward the revolution until our country is completely liberated and reunified and the nation-wide victory of the Korean revolution is achieved, and until imperialism is beaten on a world-wide scale,"** the speaker referred to the tasks confronting the LSWYK members and young people and the south Korean youth and students.

Concluding his speech Chairman Kim Si Hak stressed:

There will always be victory and glory, happiness and prosperity for the LSWYK and young people that are waging a staunch struggle holding aloft the revolutionary banner of the *Juche* idea, following the outstanding leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution.

When the speech was over, several hundred-gun salute was fired, which beautifully adorned the sky over Pyongyang, the capital of revolution.

The rally was followed by a mammoth demonstration of 200,000 youth and students in Pyongyang.

The rally demonstrated the invincible militancy of our youth and students rallied rock-firm around Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, on the basis of the unitary ideological system of *Juche*.

The rally also clearly showed the firm revolutionary stand and fiery determination of our youth to live up with allegiance to the deep trust and expectation of the Leader by unconditionally carrying out to the end the militant task put forth by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, at the Sixth Congress of the LSWYK and bringing earlier the complete victory of socialism and the nation-wide victory of the revolution, and to carry forward the revolution generation after generation in the future, too, as in the past, for the reunification of the fatherland and the ultimate victory of the Korean revolution and for the building of a new world free from imperialism, exploitation and oppression, in unity with the youth of the socialist countries, in unity with the fighting youth of Asia, Africa and Latin America and in unity with all the progressive youth of the world, holding high the banner of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism, the revolutionary banner of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle.

Paraders exhibiting the indestructible might of our people firmly armed with the great revolutionary idea, the *Juche* idea, of the Leader

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Japanese militarism on south Korea and for realising the great national aspiration, national reunification, with the united efforts of the north and south Korean people under the outstanding leadership of the Leader and extend active support and encouragement to the Korean citizens in Japan in their struggle for defending the democratic, national rights.

The demonstrators loudly call for strengthening militant friendship and solidarity with the world revolutionary force.

The paraders marching with portraits of Marx and Lenin along with slogans reading "Let us strengthen the unity and solidarity of the socialist countries!" "Long live proletarian internationalist friendship and solidarity!" "Revolutionary youth of the world, unite and intensify the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle!" express firm solidarity with the Asian, African and Latin-American peoples in their anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle, with the Arab peoples in their anti-U.S., anti-Israeli struggle and with the working class and people of the capitalist countries in their struggle against exploitation by capital and the imperialists.

They extend active support and encouragement to the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle of the Vietnamese, Laotian and Cambodian peoples and the struggle of the Cuban people who are resolutely repulsing the aggression of the U.S. imperialists.

Each time new columns of demonstrators enter the square, foreign friends on the stands express firm solidarity waving their hands above their heads.

A large basket of flowers with a ribbon bearing the words "Dear Leader, may you enjoy good health and a long life!" comes to the rostrum. The revolutionary enthusiasm and militant determination of the youth pervade the whole square, the cheers of 200,000 people shake the earth and sky, and representatives of youth and children, hardly repressing their emotion and joy, reverentially present the basket of flowers reflecting the ardent loyalty of the 40 million Korean people, youth and children to Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader.

That moment, the letters of gold "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung!" are written over the square, flags and bunches of flowers wave and hundreds of, thousands of balloons soar high into the sky, turning it into a sea of beautiful flowers.

The respected and beloved Leader, with a broad smile on his benevolent face, waves his hand to the enthusiastically cheering crowds.

The Leader descends from the rostrum. But the crowds shout "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung!" at the top of their voice and sing in loud chorus the "Song of General Kim Il Sung," which echoes far and wide for a long while.

Soiree of Youth and Students Held

in Pyongyang, Capital of Revolution, in Celebration of Sixth LSWYK Congress

On June 29 grand mass rally and mammoth demonstration of youth and students in Pyongyang were held in celebration of the Sixth Congress of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea in the presence of the respected and beloved fatherly Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of revolution and pre-eminent Leader of the youth movement. That evening the Kim Il Sung Square again seethed with the ardent feelings of unbounded reverence for and allegiance to the Leader.

A soiree of youth and students in Pyongyang, the capital of revolution, was held there in celebration of the Sixth LSWYK Congress, which was recorded as a congress of brilliant victory of the great *Juche* idea in the history of the youth movement of our country.

The floodlit spacious square was as bright as day.

Floating high above the square on its frontal side was a portrait of the respected and beloved Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung, the founder of the League of Socialist Working Youth and benign father of our youth and students.

Suspended from big balloons high in the sky were slogans reading: "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung!" "Long live the Workers' Party of Korea!" "Long live the *Juche* idea of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Warm congratulations to the Sixth Congress of the League of Socialist Working Youth!"

After the opening of the soiree was announced, a loud chorus of the "Song of General Kim Il Sung" reverberated far and wide through the nocturnal sky over the capital.

Young men and women jumped on to the improvised stage and recited poems of praise to the great Leader of revolution Marshal Kim Il Sung in a passionate tone with the feelings of reverence for him. When vocal solos, choruses with poem recital and other numbers telling of their boundless gratitude and loyalty to the Leader were over, the whole square turned into a scene of graceful and rhythmic dance full of revolutionary optimism.

Meanwhile, a soiree of Young Pioneers with red scarves around their necks took place simultaneously at the Potong-gang Plaza near the River Potong-gang.

As time flowed on, the passion of allegiance of the participants in the soirees surged higher and higher, and gun salute was fired colourfully decorating the night sky.

At that moment, thunderous cheers of "Long live the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live the Workers' Party of Korea!" broke out from the Kim Il Sung Square and the Potong-gang Plaza and from flower-bedecked boats on the River Taedong-gang and the River Potong-gang.

All the attendants of the soirees, reflecting the feelings of utmost veneration and allegiance of our youth and students, sang again and again the song "Marshal Kim Il Sung, May You Enjoy a Long Life in Good Health." They wished good health and a long life to the respected and beloved Leader for the reunification of the fatherland and the victory of the cause of socialism and communism and for the eternal prosperity of our fatherland and the happiness of the generations to come.

Fireworks were shot off in succession into the night sky of the capital overbrimming with the burning revolutionary ardour and youthful mettle. Countless sparks meant blessing for the attendants of the soirees. Dancing and singing continued till late at night.

Demonstrators shout at the top of their voice: "Long live the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!"

celebrating the Sixth Congress of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea

Marshal KIM IL SUNG Is the Great Sun of Revolution

Feelings of Reverence for the Great Leader of Revolution Comrade KIM IL SUNG Are Running Higher and Higher among Revolutionary Friends of the Whole World

Rays of light shed all over the world,
The warm, soft rays of light,
The affectionate care of Marshal Kim Il Sung!
All things in the universe grow under his care,
Marshal Kim Il Sung is the great sun of revolution!

A turbulent stream touches
The hearts of the world people,
It is the great Juche idea,
The main stream of the 20th century!
The stream flows from a fountain,
Marshal Kim Il Sung is the founder of the Juche idea!
Marshal Kim Il Sung is a thinker of genius!

A person who loves the people so deeply,
He is the fatherly Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung!
A person who has brought imperialism to justice by history,
He is Marshal Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander!
Marshal Kim Il Sung is the strategist of the world revolution!
Marshal Kim Il Sung is the great Leader of revolution!
....

As chanted by Etmanne Ould Elley Ouat, member of the Youth Supreme Council of Mauritania and bandmaster of the Mauritanian National Orchestra, in his poem "Long live Marshal Kim Il Sung!" the respect and reverence of the world people for the great Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung are now further deepening from day to day.

"He Is Not Only the Hero of the 20th Century But Also the Hero for All Ages"

Anwar El Sadat, President of the United Arab Republic, who visited our country a few years ago and witnessed our brilliant results achieved under the wise guidance of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, expressed his irrepressible admiration in the following words:

"There are many leaders in the world revolutionary movement, but such a great Leader as Premier Kim Il Sung is few. The people of the United Arab Republic revere His Excellency Premier Kim Il Sung not only as the Leader of the Korean people but also as their Leader."

In a lengthy article highly praising the genius leadership of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and his exploits in the revolutionary activities, P.L. Lakhanpal, Chairman of the All-India Democratic Party and Editor-in-Chief of the paper **Evening View**, said that the genius Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung is the greatest theoretician and practician of socialism in our time and the most outstanding Leader of the world revolution and that he has the loftiest virtues and represents the most distinguished and able politicians, the most outstanding revolutionaries and military commanders and the most genius thinkers. Pointing out that history has not yet produced any greater and more perfect person than the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, he said in terms of high praise: "He is not only the hero of the 20th century but also the hero for all ages."

In his letter addressed to the Central Committee of the Union of Agricultural Working People of Korea, the Secretary of the Central Executive Council of the Nigerian Forestry and Tangua Plantation Association stressed:

"Premier Kim Il Sung is a Marxist-Leninist who represents modern Korea and the oppressed peoples. Throwing lights, with his ideas and teachings, not only on the Korean people but on the oppressed peoples throughout the world, he is the great red sun, indeed."

Hoksenji Yedu, Editor-in-Chief of the Mauritius paper **The Mauritius Bridge**, stated:

"Marshal Kim Il Sung is a new morning sun that rose in the East and its golden rays of revolution are giving fresh hope and aspiration to the sons and daughters of the Asian, African and Latin-American countries."

Mbaraji Casimir, Chairman of the Congolese (K) Revolutionary Union of Journalists, said:

"Comrade Kim Il Sung is not only the Leader of the Korean people but also the great Leader of our age, the 20th century, and the Leader and the sun of all the peoples of the whole world fighting for national liberation."

"The Revolutionary Ideas as Precious as the Sun for Peoples Making Revolution"

The members of the "Group for Study of Works and Revolutionary Activities of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of Asian, African and Latin-American students in Czechoslovakia pointed out in their congratulatory message to him that the genius Leader of revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung has fought for the promotion of the Korean revolution and the world liberation movement for more than 40 years up to date since he took the road of revolution in his early years, and founded the great *Juche* idea in the course of organizing and leading the 15-year-long glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle. This idea, they stressed, is a truly revolutionary idea leading the world revolution to victory.

After noting that the *Juche* idea is a thought of international and universal significance, Eldridge Cleaver, Minister of Information of the Black Panther Party, U.S.A., said that in the past many people within the Black Panther Party, U.S.A., read a series of books to seek the way they should follow, but they could not reach a right conclusion and emphasized that learning from the works and the *Juche* idea of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, they came to know how to apply Marxism-Leninism to suit their specific conditions.

He then said that when one embodies the *Juche* idea, one can build a country which is capable of defending the people and which has an independent economy and preserve the culture and traditions of one's country from the subversive manoeuvres of imperialism and develop them and stressed that the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught the oppressed peoples the way of emancipating themselves on their own.

Ali Amduho Abdalah, member of the Lebanese parliamentary delegation, pointed out:

"The *Juche* idea of Premier Kim Il Sung is the supreme guiding compass in Marxist-Leninist leadership for progress and prosperity not only in Korea but in all parts of the world."

Wilfred Burchett, Australian journalist and writer, said that the line of *Juche* put forward by the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung is the solely correct and wisest way everyone should follow in the international communist movement and the anti-imperialist struggle.

In their letter to the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the members of the "Group for Study of Works of Comrade Kim Il Sung" of the Trade Union of Aden Port, People's Democratic Republic of Yemen, said that many works in which are embodied his great revolutionary ideas show lines and ways of struggle the working class and other oppressed peoples should follow in freeing themselves from the pressure of capital and the yoke of imperialism and colonialism and gaining genuine freedom and liberation, and give clear-cut expositions of how the working class who smashed the capitalist system and seized power in their hands should build a new society and how they should solve the theoretical and practical problems arising in socialist revolution and socialist construction. And they pointed out: "The great revolutionary ideas of Your Excellency Premier Kim Il Sung, the genius Marxist-Leninist, are as precious as the sun for the people who are making revolution."

The renowned Japanese publishing house **Miraisha** which translated and published Volume 1 of "Selected Works of Kim Il Sung" pointed out in the name of the translation committee in the preface:

"Premier Kim Il Sung gave all-round solution to the theoretical and practical questions on the victory of socialist revolution and the building of socialism and communism and other new problems the founders of Marxism-Leninism had failed to expound, and thus developed Marxism-Leninism onto a higher stage, and is not only making the triumphant advance of the Korean revolution but also contributing to the promotion of the world revolution through his profound, original theoretical and practical activities."

"The Simple and Benign Person Who Is Always among the Masses, Outstanding Leader of People"

The head of the Cuban journalists' delegation which had visited our country remarked:

"Comrade Kim Il Sung is a very wise man and a simple and benign person who is always among the masses. He grips the heart of each people and everybody is tempted beyond endurance to tell him as he thinks. Such a lofty character can be found only in Premier Kim Il Sung and not in all leaders."

The Vice-Chairman of the Ceylon-People's Korea Friendship Association observed: "I saw for the first time in the world such an outstanding Leader of the people as Premier Kim Il Sung....

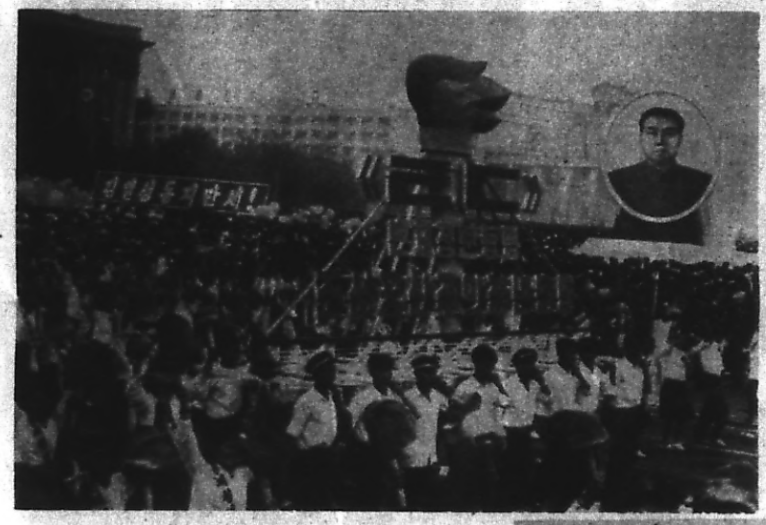
"Premier Kim Il Sung visits every nook and corner of the country, sits together with the people and discusses matters with them. He looks round factories, rural villages, schools and all other places of the country and gives detailed instructions on the spot and administers the affairs of state on the basis of a profound understanding of the people's life and actual conditions."

Rubaki Jyak, head of the Congolese (B) friendship cultural delegation, said:

"There is, indeed, no place in Korea where Premier Kim Il Sung did not set foot or extend his warm hands. This is the power that brings unprecedented prosperity to the Korean people."

Terrab Abdelak, Assistant Secretary-General of Foreign Relations Bureau of the International Confederation of Arab Trade Unions, said that if the Korean people had not "the Leader who leads the entire Korean people to glory, looking after every aspect of the life of the working people and directing deep attention to the prospects of the country, they would not have attained such a success and would not have been provided with such a seat of happiness." And he stated: "The Korean people who have Premier Kim Il Sung, the sagacious Leader, are boundlessly happy."

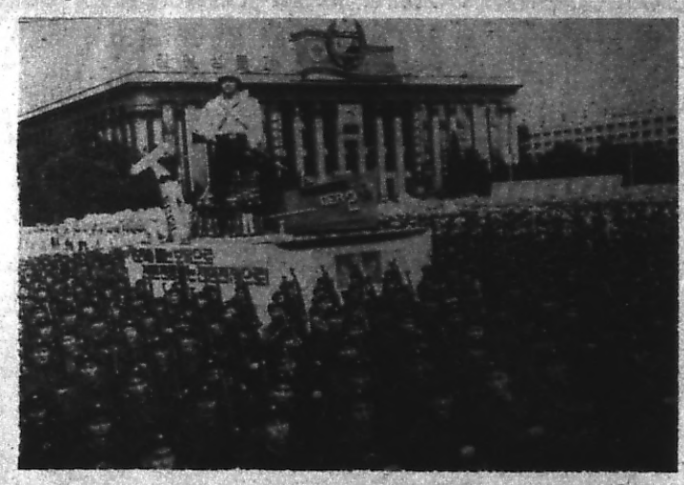
Militant Mettle of the Resourceful, Courageous and Heroic Korean Youth



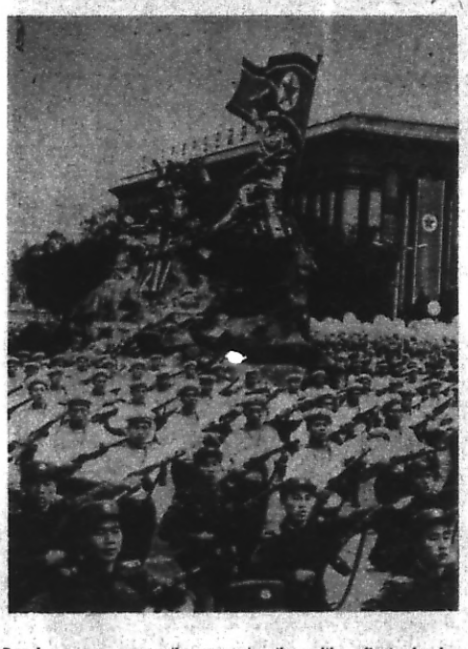
The drum-beating Young Pioneers march past carrying the letters: "Congratulate the Sixth Congress of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea"

←
Children's column showing the glorious revolutionary tradition of the youth and children's movement in our country established by the Leader

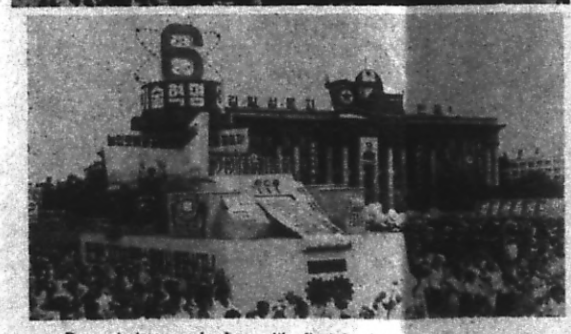
Marchers demonstrate the might of our socialist industrial state
↓



Worker-Peasant Red Guardsmen march through the square with measured tread, gripping rifles tightly in their hands



Paraders move across the square together with a float, showing the heroic mettle of our People's Army which defeated the U.S. imperialists



Demonstrators march along with float bearing the slogan: "Let us, youth, take the lead in carrying out three major tasks of the technical revolution!"

Red Young Guardswomen

Demonstration of our young people is the source of admiration for foreign guests

Demonstrators march with a float, giving a representation of the heroic struggle of the south Korean youth and students

Demonstrators' column with a float giving a portrayal of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle

South Korean Students and Public Circles Keep Up Fierce Struggle against South Korean Tour of Sato, Boss of Japanese Militarism

The south Korean students continue a fierce struggle against south Korean tour of the Japanese militarist gang.

According to reports from Seoul, students of Liberal Art and Science, Law, Commercial, Normal and Medical Colleges of Seoul University, who had recently carried on the struggle every day, got together at the Liberal Art and Science College on the morning of June 29 to hold a meeting opposing and rejecting the trip of the villain Sato, boss of Japanese militarism, to south Korea. At the meeting the students laid bare and lashed with surging national indignation at the ever-intensifying reinvasion scheme of the Japanese militarists.

They had a ceremony of burning in effigy "neo-colonialism and the national flag of Japan" to manifest their resolve to foil the aggressive design of the scoundrels and show the miserable end of the aggressors.

They then marched through the street, chanting slogans and holding placards reading: "We're dead set against Sato's south Korean tour," "Cancel punishment of students" and "Totally abolish military training of students."

They fought a hot battle against the puppet police bandits who hurried to the scene to break up their march, raining stone on the latter.

They put up a furious stone-fight against the puppet police for three hours that afternoon too, staging a street demonstration.

That day students of Konguk University in Seoul, too, unfolded a mass struggle.

As soon as they came to their university they held a denunciation rally and brought to full light the aggressive plot of the Japanese militarist clique to creep into south Korea on a plea of attending the "inauguration" of puppet "president" with an ulterior motive to stretch out the tentacles of reaggression deeper into south Korea and renewed their determination to fight it out to thwart it. The meeting was followed by a street demonstration.

Students of Yonse University made public a statement on June 29.

They declared in their statement that they strongly opposed south Korean tour of the rascal Sato, boss of the Japanese militarists, and bigwigs of the "self-defence forces" which is intended to put into effect their wild ambition of aggression under the spurious name of "cooperation," and evinced their unshakable resolve to check and thwart their trip.

The students unfolded a struggle on June 30, too.

Students of the Seoul University Liberal Art and Science College staged a demonstration braving the obstruction by the hangers-on of the puppet clique including the "president" of the university. Students of the Commercial College of the same university had a protest meeting and confirmed their determination to fight to the end in opposition to the invasion of the Japanese militarists.

The south Korean public circles, too, are unfolding a struggle against the reinvasion scheme of the Japanese militarists.

Three hundred members of the "National Committee for Defence of Civil Rights" in south Korea, according to a foreign dispatch of June 28, held a meeting in Seoul to protest against the south Korean tour of the villain Sato. The committee composed of lawyers, journalists and scholars in south Korea had a protest meeting on June 22, too, and determinedly opposed and rejected the trip of the reactionary Sato clique to south Korea which is motivated by a sinister ambition to step up the reinvasion of south Korea, the dispatch added.

Students of Seoul University demonstrating against the trip to south Korea of the reactionary Sato band

We Bitterly Condemn Reactionary Sato Clique for Foolhardy Aggressive Move

The rascal Sato, boss of Japanese reaction, flew into south Korea on the morning of July 1 at last in pursuance of a nefarious aggressive aim, taking his militarist hangers-on, in disregard of the unanimous opposition and rejection on the part of the youth, students and broad masses of people in south Korea, according to reports from Seoul.

This is an intolerable insult and challenge to the south Korean patriotic youth, students and people who are valiantly fighting against the reinvasion scheme of the Japanese militarists.

We bitterly condemn with irrepressible national indignation the Sato-led Japanese militarist gang for their trip to south Korea.

The present Sato's tour of south Korea, needless to say, is a link in the whole chain of the U.S. imperialists' aggressive manoeuvres to carry into effect the notorious "new Asia policy," and it was made under the instructions and manipulation of U.S. imperialism.

The aim sought by Sato in his current trip to south Korea is to concretize on the spot together with his master U.S. imperialists and the south Korean puppets the plot for military aggression which the Japanese militarists have accelerated to directly join in a new war of aggression the U.S. imperialists are scheming to provoke in Korea, according to the "new Asia policy" of U.S. imperialism.

Graphic evidence of this is furnished by a criminal huddle he had with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique on July 1.

According to reports, no sooner had the villain Sato deplaned at the airport than he held a behind-the-curtain confab with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique over such matters as the "question of security in Asia" and the "future function of Okinawa."

At the huddle the traitor Pak Jung Hi reportedly prattled that "security of south Korea is essential to security of Japan," parotting the aggressive statement of his master Sato, and further blabbed that the "function of Okinawa should continue as a bulwark for security in the Far East even after it is returned to Japan," and the rascal Sato, on his part, "assured" his lackey that the "military function of Okinawa shall not decrease."

This reveals once again the tricky inside of the "agreement on the return of Okinawa" recently concluded between the U.S. imperialists and the Japanese militarists, and is a revelation of the sinister ulterior motive of the reactionary Sato clique to commit aggression on Korea by using the ill-famed military base jointly with the U.S. imperialists.

As known to all, the rascal Sato, boss of Japanese militarism, jabbered two years ago in the notorious "joint statement" issued after his aggressive confab with war-like boss of U.S. imperialism Nixon that the "security of south Korea is essential to that of Japan itself, too," openly revealing an ambition for reaggression on south Korea. Since then the Japanese militarists have intensified their scheme for reinvasion of south Korea and frantically stepped up preparations for a war of aggression against the northern half of the Republic, preaching on the so-called "community of the destinies of Japan and south Korea" at every opportunity available.

While strengthening the military tie-up with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, the Japanese militarists have mapped out even adventurous operational plans for invading Korea and set up the "emergency transport system" under which big armed forces can be hurled in a short time into the area of the Military Demarcation Line of Korea from Japan in case of an emergency.

Today the wicked aggressors, alleging that they should "take over" the role of the U.S. imperialists in south Korea, have gone the length of perpetrating a provocative act of placing the vast area within a radius of 1,000 nautical miles around Tokyo within their "defence sphere" and openly declaring the whole of Korea the zone of their operation. Through the present trip to south Korea Sato encouraged the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique which are now on the verge of ruin, hated and rejected by all the people and discussed with his faithful lackeys how to step up their reinvasion scheme against south Korea further still.

This clearly shows that the Japanese militarists' reinvasion scheme against south Korea has entered an extremely dangerous stage today and south Korea under the occupation of the U.S. imperialist aggression troops is now exposed to the serious danger of coming even under the jackboots of the aggressive armed forces of Japanese militarism.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of revolution, outstanding Marxist-Leninist and brilliant military strategist, pointed out as follows:

"In collusion with U.S. imperialism, the Japanese militarists are running amuck to invade Korea and other Asian countries and become the 'leader' of Asia, but this is no more than a fantastic daydream." ("Report on the Work of the Central Committee to the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea," p. 105.)

The Japanese militarists must clearly know that Korea today is not Korea yesterday and Asia today is not Asia yesterday.

Should the Japanese militarists leap in the dark, heedless of our repeated warnings, the scoundrels will meet a miserable end.

C.C., Japan Communist Party Protests against Sato's Projected Visit to South Korea

The Central Committee of the Japan Communist Party lodged on June 25 a protest with the Sato government against the planned visit of Sato, the notorious chieftain of the Japanese militarists, to south Korea under the pretext of attending the puppet "presidential inauguration" of traitor Pak Jung Hi on July 1, according to a KNS report from Tokyo.

Pointing out that quisling Pak Jung Hi who is to remain puppet "president" after the unprecedentedly fraudulent "elections" staged in south Korea some time ago is a traitor to the nation, who is utterly forsaken by the south Korean people, the protest said:

"Sato's presence at the 'presidential inauguration' of Pak Jung Hi patronized by the U.S. imperialist aggressors is a naked challenge to the Korean people who are desirous of the independent reunification of the fatherland."

The forthcoming Sato's junket to south Korea will strengthen the multilateral military alliance among the U.S. imperialists and the Japanese militarists, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and the Chiang Kai-shek clique and bring the revival and reinforcement of the Japanese militarists to a new, higher stage and further step up the participation of Japan in the U.S. imperialists' Asian aggression, the protest pointed out.

It strongly demanded the withdrawal of the plan of the trip to south Korea of Sato and bigwigs of the "self-defence forces." (KCNA)

Broad Public Circles and Students of Japan

Strongly Protest against and Denounce Intrusion of Rascal Sato and Other Bosses of Japanese Militarists into South Korea

Broad public circles and students of Japan are strongly protesting against and denouncing the south Korean junket schemed by Sato, the rascal, and other bosses of the Japanese militarists.

Akira Ishikawa, member of the Central Standing Committee of the Democratic Youth Union of Japan, issued recently a statement, sternly protesting against and denouncing the scheme of the rascal Sato, the ringleader of the Japanese reactionaries, and bigwigs of the "self-defence forces" to crawl into south Korea on the occasion of the puppet "presidential inauguration" slated July 1. The statement said: "This is an open manifestation of the militarist reinvasion of south Korea by the Japanese reactionary forces based on the Japan-U.S. 'joint statement' of 1969 and we can never allow it."

He expressed firm solidarity with the south Korean youth and students in their just struggle against the intrusion of the bosses of the Japanese militarists into south Korea.

Meanwhile, the Central Executive Committee of the Socialist Youth Union of Japan issued a statement to the following effect:

It is said that Sato would "consult" the question of "aid" to the Pak Jung Hi clique during his visit to south Korea. But this only means that the Japanese militarists are aiming at the export of capital for exploiting the south Korean people.

The Sato government which signed on June 17 the bogus "agreement on the reversion of Okinawa," defying the protest of the people, is showing great zeal in Asian aggression, readjusting Okinawa as an "anti-communist" frontline base, according to the Japan-U.S. "joint statement," and the formation of the "anti-communist" military alliance among Japan, south Korea and Taiwan is being concretized.

The forthcoming south Korean tour of Sato is part of this scheme.

We determinedly oppose Sato's south Korean junket of this nature.

According to another report, the Japan-Korea Association issued a statement recently, declaring that it could never tolerate the planned visit to south Korea of Sato, the rascal, and bigwigs of the Japanese militarists, which is intended to put into concrete form the line of the Japan-U.S. "joint statement" and further strengthen the relations of "U.S., Japan and south Korea military alliance."

According to still another report, the students of the Chuo University in Tokyo held on June 25 a rally of solidarity between Japanese and Korean students on the occasion of the "month of anti-U.S. joint struggle for the withdrawal of U.S. imperialist aggression troops from south Korea." The rally unanimously adopted a "resolution supporting the struggle of the south Korean students against fascism and for democratization and opposing the south Korean visit of Sato and high-ranking officers of the "self-defence forces."

The Japanese students branded the Japanese monopoly capitalists intensifying political, economic and military collusion with the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique as the common enemy of the peoples of Japan and Korea. They stressed in the resolution:

We Japanese students will carry on an energetic struggle for frustrating the reactionary policy of the Sato government which is stepping up economic aggression on south Korea in collusion with the Pak Jung Hi puppet regime, and its policy of reviving and strengthening militarism.

We, from the stand of strengthening the friendship and solidarity between the Japanese and Korean youth and students, resolutely support the anti-fascist, democratization struggle of the south Korean youth and students who are valiantly fighting against fascist suppression by the Pak Jung Hi puppet regime and for winning democratic freedom and rights and oppose the south Korean visit of Sato and high-ranking officers of the "self-defence forces." (KCNA)

Reckless Provocations of U.S. Imperialist Aggressors

The U.S. imperialists who unleashed a war of aggression against our people on June 25, 21 years ago are now further keying up tension by staging large-scale war exercises near the Military Demarcation Line.

According to a report from Seoul, the U.S. imperialists engrossed in the manoeuvres for the provocation of a new war issued a "special alert order" to the entire puppet army units south of the Military Demarcation Line on June 25 and ordered them to be ready for action, while starting a "large-scale mobile exercise" in the whole area of the front.

As already reported, the U.S. imperialist warmaniacs brought out puppet naval vessels and lethal weapons to the Chinhae Bay and Chinhae city on the southern coast of south Korea and conducted various exercises including submarine explosion under the name of "intensive training with special fire arms" for 4 days from June 22. Earlier, between June 14 and 19, the scoundrels staged the "Kumsong landing operation exercise" with the mobilization of the puppet navy and marines in a simulated attack on the northern half of the Republic.

This was preceded by a provocative "U.S.-Japan joint naval exercise" in the East Sea area of our country, in which the Japanese naval "self-defence force" was mobilized.

The recent war exercise in the area along the Military Demarcation Line is an extension of the ever-intensified provocations of the enemy and a frenzy of those blinded with aggression.

By conducting such criminal aggressive war exercises under the slogan of "anti-communism," the scoundrels foolishly try to justify their machinations for the provocation of a new war and divert elsewhere the attention of the south Korean people who are steadily raising higher the flames of the anti-U.S., anti-Japanese and anti-puppet struggle.

This, however, is nothing but a delusion of those on their last legs and a reckless, provocative act digging their own grave.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors must bear clearly in mind that if they recklessly ignite a war, they will meet death under a determined retaliatory blow from the entire Korean people.

Sinister Ideological and Cultural Infiltration of Japanese Militarists into South Korea

The Japanese militarists revived under the wing of U.S. imperialism have already stretched out their black claws of reaggression to south Korea in real earnest dreaming a fantastic dream of restoring their old position with the backing of U.S. imperialism. The reinvasion manoeuvres of the Japanese militarists against south Korea have been intensified not only in the political, economic and military domains but also in the ideological and cultural spheres.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said as follows:

"Due to the policy of obliterating national culture pursued by the U.S. and Japanese reactionaries and their stooges, in south Korea at present our national culture is wantonly trampled underfoot and the corrupt 'Yankee culture,' Japanese fashions and Japanese way of life hold sway, corroding the spiritual world of the people." ("Report on the Work of the Central Committee to the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea," p. 53.)

The Japanese militarists, in collusion with the Pak Jung Hi puppet hordes, are now insidiously manoeuvring to spread their corrupt decadent culture and reactionary ideological virus over south Korea in an effort to obliterate our national culture, paralyze the consciousness of national independence and revolutionary spirit of the south Korean people, blur out their mounting anti-U.S., anti-Japanese sentiments and disarm them ideologically so as to facilitate their reinvasion of south Korea.

The essential in the ideological and cultural infiltration of the Japanese militarists into south Korea is to advertize their policy of burglarious aggression and war and "legalize" it.

In particular, the Japanese militarists use the "anti-communist" slogan as an important ideological means in legalizing their reinvasion schemes against south Korea.

The scoundrels persistently preach to the south Korean people that "south Korea will be involved in the sphere of communist influence unless it is aided by Japan economically and militarily" and that "to ward off the communist influence" an "alliance" should be formed between south Korea, an "anti-communist bulwark," and Japan and mutual "aid" and "cooperation" be strengthened.

The "anti-communist" idea infused by the Japanese militarist aggressors is, in fact, a sheer nonsense aimed at covering up their aggressive designs to subjugate south Korea again and invade the northern half of the Republic with it as a stepping-stone and translate into reality their short-lived old dream of a "Greater East Asia Co-prosperity Sphere." It is also a hypocrisy pure and simple intended to put the garb of legality on the policies of aggression and war pursued by the U.S. imperialists and the Japanese militarists.

In south Korea the Japanese militarists, while carrying on the "anti-communist" propaganda, disseminate fascist militarist ideas in a big way.

The devils ballyhoo about their so-called "strength," implanting aggressive militarist ideas the keynote of which is the "Bushido spirit" of the Japanese samurai who were steeped in sabre rattling in the past.

What worries the Japanese militarists most in stepping up their reinvasion of south Korea is the strong anti-Japanese sentiments of the south Korean people. That is why the rascals attach weighty importance to instilling "pro-Japanese" idea into the minds of the south Korean people. For this purpose, the villainous Japanese militarists are engrossed in a vile propaganda distorting the stark facts about their criminal aggression on Korea, which are clear even to a child, prattling that the nearly-half-a-century-long occupation of Korea by Japanese imperialism was not aggression but was "simply for paving the way to the continent" and that the "annexation of Korea to Japan was not an aggression." Besides, they are conducting every conceivable false propaganda to conceal their greed for reaggression on south Korea, blabbing that Japan and south Korea should mutually "promote friendship and cooperation" since the former is a "free neighbour" of the latter.

At the same time, the Japanese militarists are spreading such venoms of rotten bourgeois ideology as national nihilism and eroticism extensively in south Korea.

The brutes are viciously preaching on pessimism, degeneration and defeatism to fan up fin de siecle immorality and depravity among the south Korean people, jabbering that it results from the limitation of natural resources, the growth of population and the like, not from the occupation of south Korea by the U.S. imperialists and their aggressive policy, that the south Korean economy has totally gone to rack and ruin and people find themselves compelled to die, left without means of living.

The Japanese militarists employ all available means and methods to spread aggressive fascist reactionary ideas.

The Japanese militarists, first of all, invite men of reactionary culture of south Korea to Japan for "education" and send them back under the name of "promotion of friendship" through the cultural interchange between Japan and south Korea; on the one hand and, on the other, frequently dispatch groups of men of culture on their pay-roll under the name of "personnel exchange."

Even according to the data released by the Ministry of Justice of the reactionary government of Japan, personnel of the reactionary ruling circles and "men of culture" of south Korea who were invited to Japan in the year of 1967 numbered more than 33,000, and the number of Japanese reactionaries who crept into south Korea came somewhere about 20,000 in the same period.

Today the Japanese militarists flock to south Korea in succession under the cloak of "cultural mission," "exchange mission," "inspection group" and the like and their number ran into 40,000 in 1969, even according to the data made public.

Also, the Japanese militarists use religion as one of the important means in their ideological and cultural infiltration, and actively propagandize such ultra-nationalist, aggressive religion as "Tenriism" and "Sokagakkai" in south Korea to infuse "Japan worship idea."

The Japanese militarists had used "Tenriism" as a guide for their aggression on Korea and Asia. "Tenriism" made its way again into south Korea today. Already in 1967 there were more than 850 churches of Tenriism and a large number of its branches in different places of south Korea. The Japanese militarists are working madly to extend the influence of Tenriism, carrying on the false propaganda that "if one believes in Tenriism, one will be cured of all diseases and one's mind be cleansed."

The "Sokagakkai" which started penetrating into south Korea in 1959 set up its branches in Seoul, Pusan and other large cities and towns with the support of the traitorous Pak Jung Hi puppet clique. Inducing its believers to "bow to the East" (bow to the direction of Japan — Ed.) and read a service in Japanese, the "Sokagakkai" preaches to them that "those who are admitted into its membership will be provided with an opportunity to visit Japan," that "they will find a remedy for disease" and that the "leader of Asia is the Japanese nation." In this way it infuses its believers with the "emperor"-worship idea and the militarist ideas.

The Japanese militarists make use of decadent books, movies and songs as a means of degenerating the south Korean people and dampening their anti-Japanese sentiments.

The influx of decadent Japanese books into south Korea has increased year by year. Whereas 84 kinds of books were introduced into south Korea in 1962, more than 77,000 kinds of books were introduced in 1967 with their circulation reaching hundreds of thousands of copies. The number of copies in recent years has climbed up to more than 2 million per annum. The Japanese militarists even framed up the so-called "Taehan Book Dissemination Society" to infiltrate and disseminate Japanese publications in an "organized" way.

The penetration of the reactionary ideology and culture of the Japanese militarists into south Korea on a wider scale finds its expression also in the extensive diffusion of the Japanese language.

Due to the treacherous policy pursued by the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, the Japanese language is now openly used in south Korea, and short courses of Japanese language came into being everywhere in south Korea. In Seoul alone scores of such short courses are formally open to the public. Consequently, the purity of the Korean language, a valuable national asset of our people and a pride of our nation, is corrupted altogether in south Korea.

In February last, the Japanese militarists set up the "cultural centre of the Japanese embassy" in Seoul as a base for their ideological and cultural infiltration, and traitor Pak Jung Hi granted the "staff of the centre" even "diplomatic privilege." Thus the reactionary Japanese culture and militarist ideas have penetrated into south Korea on a fuller scale with the "cultural centre" as a foothold.

As mentioned above, owing to the pernicious ideological and cultural infiltration of the Japanese militarists and the treacherous policy of the Pak Jung Hi puppet hordes, the national culture and beautiful manners and customs peculiar to our people are ruthlessly trampled down and obliterated in south Korea today. Moreover, along with the reactionary American gangsters' culture, Japanese fashions and Japanese way of life are prevalent there. In consequence, south Korea has been reduced to a "dual colony in respect of culture, too." So, it is by no means fortuitous that foreign correspondents speak of Seoul: "It is hardly distinguishable from a city of the United States or that of Japan."

All these intolerable developments in south Korea show how frantically the Japanese militarists are trying to stretch their black claws of aggression to all parts of south Korea not only in the political, economic and military fields but also in the ideological and cultural domains so as to achieve their wild ambition of reaggression on south Korea under the active patronage of their U.S. imperialist masters and with the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique as a guide.

However, such aggressive moves of the rascals are a foolish attempt.

Today the south Korean people and conscientious progressive men of culture are unfolding a vigorous struggle to chop off the Japanese militarists' talons of reinvasion, saying that "no one should believe or be taken in by any deception and trickery" of the Japanese militarists.

The south Korean people will not tolerate but smash without fail the nefarious reinvasion manoeuvres of the Japanese militarists to ride roughshod over south Korea again with the backing of the U.S. imperialists and with the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique as a guide.

Kim Byong Chol

U.S. Imperialist Aggression Troops, Get Out of South Korea at Once Taking Along All Lethal Weapons!

Various Countries of the World Express Solidarity with Korean People in Their Just Struggle, on the Occasion of "Month of Anti-U.S. Joint Struggle for Withdrawal of U.S. Imperialist Aggression Troops from South Korea"

Various countries of the world express active support to and solidarity with the Korean people in their just struggle for driving the U.S. imperialist aggression troops out of south Korea and reunifying the country independently on a democratic basis, on the occasion of the "month of anti-U.S. joint struggle for the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggression troops from south Korea."

WORLD FEDERATION OF DEMOCRATIC YOUTH

A few days ago the Bureau of the World Federation of Democratic Youth sent a letter of protest to the clique of Nixon, the war boss of U.S. imperialism, and lashed at U.S. imperialism's policy of aggression against the Korean people, on the occasion of the "month of anti-U.S. joint struggle for the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggression troops from south Korea," according to a report from Budapest.

The letter of protest laid bare and denounced the U.S. imperialist aggressors who are these days stepping up more unscrupulously new war provocation manoeuvres against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea behind the smokescreen of the deceptive "U.S. army reduction" and it pointed out that the occupation of south Korea by the U.S. imperialists is the root cause of the misfortunes and sufferings of the Korean people, the main obstacle to Korea's reunification and the source of the danger of a new war in Korea.

It strongly demanded that the U.S. imperialist aggression troops get out of south Korea at once taking along all the lethal weapons.

IN CHINA

On June 25 a mass rally was held in Peking commemorating the 21st anniversary of Korea's Fatherland Liberation War and condemning the occupation of Taiwan by the U.S. imperialists, according to a Hsinhua News Agency report.

Kuo Mo-jo, Member of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and Vice-Chairman of the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress, made a speech at the rally.

In his speech, he stressed:

The Chinese people support the just struggle of the Korean people against the U.S. imperialist aggressors and for the reunification of the fatherland and firmly support the position for peaceful reunification consistently upheld by the Workers' Party of Korea and the Korean Government. We are convinced that the U.S. imperialists will certainly be driven out of south Korea to the last man by the heroic struggle of the 40 million Korean people and the cause of the Korean people for reunifying their country will be crowned with a complete victory without fail.

Meanwhile, the Chinese paper **Renmin Ribao** carried an editorial captioned "Struggle of the Asian People against U.S. Imperialist Aggression Will Surely Emerge Victorious."

The editorial emphasized as follows:

We warn that if the U.S. imperialists and their stooges dare to unleash a new aggressive war in Asia, they will suffer a more miserable defeat.

The Chinese people and Korean people are comrades-in-arms who have surmounted difficulties together and share joy and sorrow.

In the future, too, as in the past, the Chinese people will unite as one with the fraternal Korean people and fight to the last against our common enemy.

IN SOVIET UNION

According to a TASS dispatch, on June 25 a mass rally was held in Moscow for expressing solidarity with the Korean people in their struggle to reunify the country independently on a democratic basis after chasing the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops out of south Korea.

The attendants of the rally unanimously denounced the occupation of south Korea by U.S. imperialism and demanded the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops from south Korea and expressed full support to the struggle of the Korean people for the reunification of the fatherland.

They adopted with a unanimous approval a resolution strongly demanding the immediate discontinuance of the provocative acts of the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Condemning the occupation of south Korea by the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops, the Soviet paper **Pravda** pointed out that for more than a quarter of a century the occupation of south Korea by the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops has been the main source of tension in Korea and the basic obstacle to the reunification of the country.

The paper exposed and denounced the machinations of the U.S. imperialists and Japanese militarists against the Korean people and then stressed:

The Soviet Union always supports the Korean people in realizing their national aspiration. The Treaty of Friendship, Co-operation and Mutual Assistance between the USSR and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea has made an important contribution to strengthening the fraternal ties between the peoples of the two countries and ensuring the security of the countries in the Far East.

In conclusion the paper expressed the firm conviction that the Korean people will be crowned with victory in their just struggle.

IN DEMOCRATIC VIET NAM

According to a report of the Viet Nam News Agency, the Vietnamese paper **Nhan Dan** carried an editorial supporting the just anti-U.S. national-salvation struggle of the Korean people in connection with the "month of the anti-U.S. joint struggle for the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggression troops from south Korea," which started on June 25.

The paper laid bare and condemned the U.S. imperialists who have become ever more malicious of late in their manoeuvres for the provocation of a new war in Korea and are zealously dragging the Japanese militarists into their adventurous war provocation machinations.

The paper reaffirmed the full support of the Vietnamese people to the socialist construction and anti-U.S. national-salvation struggle of the Korean people and our just line for national reunification.

On the occasion of the "month of the anti-U.S. joint struggle for the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggression troops from south Korea," the March 8th Textile Mill of Viet Nam held on June 25 a meeting extending solidarity to the anti-U.S. struggle of the Korean people.

Addressing the meeting, the director of the mill fully supported the Korean people in the struggle for national reunification and resolutely demanded the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggression troops from south Korea.

The speaker evinced the firm conviction that under the wise guidance of the Workers' Party of Korea headed by the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the Korean people will surely win the final victory in the struggle for the reunification of the country.

IN CUBA

On the occasion of the "month of anti-U.S. joint struggle for the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggression troops from south Korea," a "month of solidarity with the Korean people" was set in Cuba, a report from Havana said.

During the solidarity month covering the period from June 25 to July 27, the Cuban people have a plan to organize mass rallies and various functions in support of the Korean people who are waging an energetic struggle against the aggression of the U.S. imperialists and for national reunification and building of socialism.

To successfully observe the solidarity month, the Cuban Organizing Committee for the Month of Solidarity with the Korean People issued a statement.

On the other hand, the Cuban University Students League and Middle School Students League recently issued a joint statement in Havana in support of the south Korean youth and students who are valiantly waging a just struggle against the tyrannical rule of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

IN SOUTH VIET NAM

In its commentary released on June 25, the South Viet Nam Liberation Press Agency expressed resolute support to the Korean people's struggle for reunifying the country against U.S. imperialism and its lackeys.

The commentary stressed that if the U.S. imperialists dare to ignite a new war against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, they would sustain a crushing defeat more disgraceful than that they suffered in the land of heroic Korea 18 years ago, as warned sternly by the Korean people, and the 40 million Korean people, rallied firmly as one, would surely achieve the sacred national cause of the reunification of the country. It continued as follows:

The South Vietnamese people, close comrades-in-arms of the Korean people fighting in one and the same trench against U.S. imperialism, pungently denounce U.S. imperialism and its lackeys for their aggressive acts and manoeuvrings against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and scathingly accuse the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi clique of their heinous crimes against the south Korean people.

IN LAOS

In its instruction issued on June 25, the Central Committee of the Laotian Patriotic Front called on the Patriotic Armed Forces and people of Laos to unfold vigorous activities during the "month of anti-U.S. joint struggle for the withdrawal of the U.S. imperialist aggression troops from south Korea," according to the Pathet Lao News Agency.

The instruction appealed to all the cadres, combatants and people of Laos to intensify the anti-U.S., national-salvation struggle, implement without fail the rainy season programme put forward by the Central Committee of the Laotian Patriotic Front and support in all forms the fraternal Korean people in their struggle against the U.S. imperialist aggressors.

According to the instruction, the Central Committee of the Laotian Patriotic Front organized a guiding group headed by Sithon Commadam, Vice-Chairman of the Central Committee of the Front, for successfully guaranteeing the activities in support of the Korean people's struggle for national reunification and against U.S. imperialism.

Warm Congratulations to People of Somalia on 11th Anniversary of Her Independence

On July 1 eleven years ago the Somalian people attained national independence after toppling imperialist colonial rule.

On this occasion the Korean people extend warm congratulations to the friendly Somalian people.

Somalia's independence in 1960 is the brilliant fruition of the protracted stubborn struggle of her people and an epochal event that opened up before them a broad vista for the creation of a new life.

Since independence the Somalian people have waged the struggle to eradicate the aftermaths of imperialist colonial rule and consolidate national independence.

Especially, after the victory of revolution on October 21, 1969, the Somalian people, under the leadership of the Supreme Revolutionary Council and the Government of the Democratic Republic of Somalia led by Major General Mohamed Siad Barre, have frustrated in time the incessant machinations of subversion and sabotage of U.S.-led imperialism and the domestic reactionary forces and have been waging the active struggle to build a new life.

The Government of Somalia has continuously taken measures of epochal significance to nationalize all banks and insurance companies and many factories and enterprises owned by the imperialists.

The Government and people of Somalia are waging an energetic labour struggle for converting their country into a rich and powerful independent sovereign state in reliance on their own strength and resources under the slogan "Let us be self-reliant and develop our country into a genuine independent state!"

The Somalian Government and people expelled the "peace corps," espionage bandits of the U.S. CIA and "specialists" of the western imperialist countries and resolutely foiled ceaseless subversive plots of the domestic reactionaries against the Government and firmly defended the gains of the revolution. Not only that. The Somalian Government is further strengthening the defence power of the country to cope with the ever-intensified counter-revolutionary manoeuvres of the enemies.

Externally the Supreme Revolutionary Council and the Government of Somalia oppose the policy of aggression and war of U.S. imperialism, and strive to further expand and develop the relations of friendship and cooperation with our country and other socialist countries. On the other hand, they express support to and solidarity with the peoples of Indochina and Arab countries and the peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin America in their anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, pointed out as follows:

"The Korean people highly appreciate the successes attained by the Somalian people in their struggle against U.S.-led imperialism and colonialism and for the consolidation of national independence, the country's independent development and the construction of the national economy, and express full support to and solidarity with their just cause."

The Korean people actively support the anti-imperialist independent stand and measures taken by the Somalian Government after the victory of the revolution, and rejoice as over their own over all the successes scored by the Somalian people in the struggle for building a new society.

Today the U.S.-led imperialists are viciously manoeuvring to strangle the newly-born state of Somalia in its cradle. In particular, the U.S. imperialists, hand in glove with their accomplices, exercise pressure on Somalia with the so-called "aid" as a bait, and make no scruple to egg their stooges on to overthrow the present Government.

However, with no amount of manoeuvres can they subdue the awaked Somalian people or hold in check their struggle.

The Korean people pungently condemn the ceaseless subversive manoeuvres of the U.S.-led imperialists and their lackeys against the Somalian Government.

The peoples of Korea and Somalia are more firmly united for the community of the historical conditions in the past and the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. joint struggle at present and the relations of friendship and cooperation between them have been consolidated and developed with each passing day. We much treasure friendship and solidarity with the Somalian people and will further consolidate and develop them in the future, too.

The Korean people sincerely wish the friendly Somalian people a greater success in the struggle for consolidating national independence and constructing a new prosperous country.

The Auspicious National Holiday of the Burundi People

The ninth anniversary of the independence of Burundi falls on July 1.

On this occasion the Korean people extend warm congratulations and greetings to the friendly Burundi people who are vigorously marching ahead to consolidate the national independence and build up a new life, thwarting the persistent subversive plots of the imperialists.

The independence of Burundi in 1962 marked a new era in the history of development of its people striving to create a new life.

Since independence the Burundi people who turned out in the struggle for creation of a new life with a determination never to repeat a bitter destiny of colonial slavery, have made many successes under the leadership of President Michel Micombero in the struggle to consolidate the national independence, attain the independent prosperity and development of the country and build up a new life while frustrating the subversive manoeuvres of the U.S.-led imperialists.

Especially, the Burundi people who set a promising goal in the First Five-Year Plan have been actively developing agriculture and stock-farming, mainstay of their national economy, and been newly erecting a number of factories and enterprises.

At the same time, the Government and people of Burundi have taken the various anti-imperialist, independent measures such as placing the factories and enterprises of the foreign monopolies under the state control.

Externally, the Government and people of Burundi give support and encouragement to their African brothers in the struggle against imperialism, colonialism and racism and for national independence. They actively back up the oppressed people of the world in the struggle for liberation and against imperialism.

The Korean people sincerely rejoice over successes which the Burundi people have scored in the struggle to consolidate national independence and build a sovereign independent state, rich and strong, under the banner of anti-imperialism and anti-colonialism, and extend firm solidarity to their just struggle.

Today the imperialists and colonialists headed by U.S. imperialism meddle in the internal affairs of the newly-independent countries with "aid" as a bait, and go the length of launching an open armed intervention and committing acts of subversion and sabotage in a crafty attempt to bring them again under the yoke of the colonial slavery. The U.S. imperialists have frequently committed the criminal acts in Burundi after its independence and tenaciously manoeuvred to sow the seeds of discord among the Burundi people striving for national amity and unity and set one tribe against another so as to throw the country into confusion. By so doing, they have pursued a black-hearted aim of finding an excuse for interfering in the affairs of Burundi to detach it from the anti-imperialist front, sway it to the Right and, moreover, convert it into their base for aggression on the other African countries.

But the Burundi people who had bitter experiences and were awakened through the struggle and steeled in the endeavour to build a new, anti-imperialist independent country, have smashed the foul manoeuvres and designs of imperialism and all reactionaries each time, and they will do so in the future, too.

The Korean and Burundi peoples who have formed the relations of friendship in common struggle against the U.S.-led imperialists are further strengthening the militant ties day by day while mutually supporting and cooperating.

The friendly people of Burundi actively support the Korean people in their just revolutionary cause for driving the U.S. imperialist aggressors out of south Korea and reunifying the country independently.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said as follows:

"The Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of the Republic positively support the peoples of all newly-independent countries in their struggle to consolidate national independence and bring about national prosperity." (Kim Il Sung, *Selected Works*, Vol. IV, p. 333.)

The Korean people who value the friendship and solidarity with the Burundi people will, in the future, too, make positive efforts to develop the relations of friendship and cooperation with them in the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. joint struggle.

The Korean people heartily wish fresh success in their future struggle to the friendly people of Burundi who are greeting the holiday.

U.S. Imperialism—Sworn Enemy of Korean People

U.S. Imperialism—Culprit Who Triggered the Aggressive War in Korea

The U.S. imperialists are the fiendish culprit who triggered the brigandish war of aggression against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea on June 25, 1950, 21 years ago.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, military strategist-genius and ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander, said as follows:

"The U.S. imperialists had completely turned by 1950 south Korea into their base for aggression in the Far East, into their military strategic base and triggered an aggressive war by starting an armed invasion against our country in June that year.

"They set it as a principal goal in the war to advance to the borders of China and the Soviet Union after conquering the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and occupying north Korea." ("On Our Revolution and the Tasks of the People's Army," pp. 14-15.)

The U.S. imperialists illegally occupied south Korea immediately after the defeat of Japanese imperialism in August 1945. They took it as the best chance to establish the colonial rule over Korea, which they have dreamt of for more than 100 years now.

From the first day of their occupation of south Korea the U.S. imperialists sought to convert it into their complete colony and into their military base for aggression and provoke an aggressive war so as to swallow up the fledgling Democratic People's Republic of Korea at a gulp and turn the whole of Korea into a stepping-stone for their Asian aggression.

With a view to carrying such an aggressive plan into practice the U.S. imperialist aggressors made frantic preparations for an aggressive war against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea from the first day of their occupation of south Korea.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors attached primary importance to banding the puppet army which would serve as their bullet-shield, in their preparations for an aggressive war in Korea.

The U.S. imperialists set up in November 1945 the "national defence command" directed by their aggressor army and began to form the south Korean puppet army under the names of the "national defence guards" and "coastal defence guards" by whipping together such vicious elements as those who served the Japanese imperialist army and police in the past, those who were officials under Japanese imperialist rule and terrorists and those who served the Chiang Kai-shek army.

The U.S. imperialists reorganized the "national defence guards" into the "national defence army."

Raving that "it would require 100,000 well-equipped men to attack north Korea," the U.S. imperialists induced the Syngman Rhee puppet clique to cook up such evil laws as "military service law" and "conscription law" and pressgang the south Korean young and middle-aged people into the puppet army right and left.

In October 1948 the south Korean puppet army was only five brigades. But the numerical strength of its ground force quickly increased, reaching 150,000 in June 1950. Besides, the naval, air and police forces grew to tens of thousands of men.

While increasing the puppet army in a big way to use it as cannon fodder, the U.S. imperialists madly equipped it with their latest weapons.

In 1949 alone the U.S.imperialists shipped into south Korea various kinds of weapons and war materials worth 190 million dollars.

The U.S. imperialists rebuilt or expanded main roads into military ones, reconstructed many ports into naval bases for aggression and newly built many military airfields everywhere in south Korea. They set up military establishments on a large scale and dug trenches and dugouts particularly in the area along the 38th parallel while massing the puppet army there.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors covered south Korea with a network of military bases and turned it into an advanced base for aggression on the whole of Korea and Asia.

The Yankee devils fascistized the socio-political life in south Korea, brutally suppressing the south Korean people who turned out in a nation-wide struggle against the U.S. imperialists' occupation of south Korea and their frenzied preparations for aggressive war and for freedom, liberation and reunification of the country, under the signboard of the so-called "security in the rear" as a part of their war preparations.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors forcibly outlawed 132 democratic political parties and social organizations in south Korea in the two months of September and October 1949 alone and butchered more than 109,000 patriots and guiltless people in south Korea in one year of 1949. The beastly U.S. imperialists perpetrated on the Cheju-do Island the diabolical atrocity of killing over 70,000 people accounting for a quarter of its total population during the period from 1948 to early 1950.

Having frantically made war preparations in all the domains, the U.S. imperialists perpetrated military provocations more frequently against the northern half of the Republic in the area along the 38th parallel in an attempt to cook up a pretext for unleashing an aggressive war.

The south Korean puppet army under the command of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops intruded into the area of the northern half of the DPRK almost every day and frantically committed outrageous provocations, killing or kidnaping inhabitants, setting fire to civilian houses and plundering properties. Large puppet army units attacked the northern half frequently.

In 1949 alone, the cases of such armed provocations numbered 1,836.

In 1950 the U.S. imperialists gave a finishing touch to their preparations for an aggressive war.

Early in 1950 they set up a united command for their aggressive ground and naval forces deployed in Northeast Asia and massed their aggression armed forces in the Far Eastern region under the command of murderer MacArthur.

The war maniac MacArthur, commander of the U.S. forces in the Far East, called the traitor Syngman Rhee to Tokyo in February 1950 and gave him the so-called "11-point instructions" on placing the south Korean puppet army under his command and attacking the northern half of the Republic before July.

All preparations of the U.S. imperialists for igniting an aggressive war in Korea were thus brought to completion.

Now how to make a pretext for starting an armed invasion against the northern half of the Republic and how to shift the responsibility for it on to the DPRK was the only pending issue the U.S. imperialists had to tackle.

At a confab held in the "office of defence minister" of the puppet regime in mid-January 1950 "chief of the U.S. military advisory group" in south Korea prattled: "Northbound expedition is a prearranged plan. And the day is not far off when it is put into practice.... We will, needless to say, attack the north first. But we have got to find a pretext for that, though only for form's sake. The report of the UN Commission on Korea to the UN headquarters is of weighty significance in this respect." (From the testimony of Kim Hyo Sok, the then "minister of home affairs" of the Syngman Rhee puppet government who attended the confab.)

The U.S. imperialist aggressors formed in March 1950 the "military inspection team" under the so-called "UN Commission on Korea," a tool for their aggression, and brought it to inspect the area along the 38th parallel. This was part of their plot to lay the blame for the armed attack on the northern half by inventing a lie that the armed conflict in the area along the 38th parallel was provoked by our side.

In mid-June 1950 the U.S. secretary of defence and chairman of joint chiefs of staff hurried to Tokyo and had a huddle with MacArthur on the question of starting the Korean war for days on end.

Then Dulles, the notorious warmonger, flew into south Korea on June 17, 1950 to ignite the tinderbox of war. This scoundrel inspected the area along the 38th parallel on June 18 and finally checked up the preparations for "northbound expedition" in a trench. He blabbed: "The United States is ready to give both material and moral aid to south Korea fighting against communism.... The communists will eventually lose their domination over north Korea." (UP, Seoul, June 19, 1950.)

Upon his return to Seoul from the trip to the 38th parallel Dulles told the puppet Syngman Rhee:

"Time is ripe. Start the attack on north Korea, accompanied by counter-propaganda that north Korea invaded south Korea first.... If you can but hold out for two weeks, everything will go smoothly, for during this period the United States, by accusing north Korea of attacking south Korea, will compel the United Nations to take action." (From the testimony given by Kim Hyo Sok, the then "minister of home affairs" of the Synman Rhee puppet government.)

As mentioned above, the U.S. imperialists ignited the aggressive war in Korea according to their plan long thrashed to the minutest details and on the basis of full preparations.

In this connection, Life, a reptile journal of U.S. imperialism, wrote: "Never before in our history have we been so nearly prepared at the start of any war as we were at the start of this war." (Life, 1950, No. 8.)

Touching on the Korean war in the summer of 1953 a French commentator wrote: "Today it can be concluded from all facts that the United States had prepared for this war already since the end of World War II." (Combat, July 29, 1953.)

The provocation of the aggressive Korean war by the U.S. imperialists showed that the aggression on Korea the U.S. imperialists have committed for more than 100 years, reached the most shameless and brigandish stage. It also fully revealed before the whole world the real nature of U.S. imperialism as the ringleader of aggression and war and as the most heinous enemy of world peace and national independence.

The U.S. imperialists failed to attain their aggressive end in face of the valiant struggle of the heroic Korean people and People's Army under the wise guidance of the great Leader and sustained the most ignominious defeat ever in the history of their aggression. This started U.S. imperialism on the downgrade.

Kim Byong Sam

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